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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/530,207	02/13/2006	Mitsuo Oshimura	081356-0239	1647
22428	7590	04/02/2008	EXAMINER	
FOLEY AND LARDNER LLP			SULLIVAN, DANIEL M	
SUITE 500				
3000 K STREET NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20007			1636	
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**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>
	10/530,207	OSHIMURA ET AL.
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>
	Daniel M. Sullivan	1636

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-48 is/are pending in the application.
  - 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) 1-48 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
    1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_.
    3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____ .                                     |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____ .   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____ .                         |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-48 are pending.

### ***Election/Restrictions***

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-6, 11-14, 17, 31, 32 and 34-36, drawn to a human artificial chromosome vector comprising a fragment of human chromosome 21 from which the distal region of the long or short arm has been deleted.

Group II, claim(s) 1, 7-13, 15, 16, 17, 31, 32 and 34-36, drawn to a human artificial chromosome vector comprising a fragment of human chromosome 14 from which the distal region of the long or short arm has been deleted.

Group III, claim(s) 18-21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 33 and 37-48, drawn to a method of making a human artificial chromosome vector comprising obtaining cells that retain human chromosome 21 and deleting a distal region of the long or short arm of the human chromosome 21.

Group IV, claim(s) 18-21, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33 and 37-48, drawn to a method of making a human artificial chromosome vector comprising obtaining cells that retain human chromosome 14 and deleting a distal region of the long or short arm of the human chromosome 14.

The inventions listed as Groups I-IV do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

37 CFR 1.475(b) states:

“An international or a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations of categories:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product; or
- (2) A product and process of use of said product; or

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- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically adapted for the manufacture of the said product; or
- (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process.”

Furthermore, according to PCT Rule 13.2, unity of invention exists only when there is a shared same or corresponding special technical feature among the claimed inventions. The “Instructions Concerning Unity of Invention” (MPEP, Administrative Instructions Under the PCT, Annex B, Part 1(b)) state, “The expression 'special technical features' is defined in Rule 13.2 as meaning those technical features that define a contribution which each of the inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art.”

In the instant case, the invention of Group I and the invention of Group II lack a shared special technical feature because the special technical feature of Group I is an artificial chromosome comprising a fragment of human chromosome 21, which technical feature is not shared by the artificial chromosome of Group II, and the special technical feature of Group II is a an artificial chromosome comprising a fragment of human chromosome 14, which technical feature is not shared by the artificial chromosome of Group I. Although, the inventions of Groups I and II are related in that they are each directed to truncated human chromosomes, Kuroiwa et al. (1998) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 26:3447-3448 (made of record in the IDS filed 4 April 2005) demonstrates that truncated human chromosomes were known in the art at prior to the filing date of the instant application. Therefore, the feature common to the two inventions is not a contribution over the art.

Similarly, the invention of Group III and the invention of Group IV lack a shared special technical feature because the special technical feature of Group III is a method comprising truncating a human chromosome 21, which technical feature is not shared by the method of Group II, and the special technical feature of Group IV is a method comprising truncating a human chromosome 14, which technical feature is not shared by the method of Group III. Although, the inventions of Groups III and IV are related in that they involve truncation of human chromosomes, Kuroiwa et al. (*supra*) demonstrates that truncation of human chromosomes was known in the art at prior to the filing date of the instant application. Therefore, the feature common to the two inventions is not a contribution over the art.

Invention I is related to Invention III as a product and process for making the product. Likewise, Invention II is related to invention IV as product and process of making. As discussed above, under the rules for unity of invention Applicant may be entitled to examination of an independent claim for a given product, an independent claim for a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an independent claim for a use of the said product together in a single application. However, regarding unity of invention among distinct categories of invention, MPEP 1850 III. A. states, “A single general inventive concept must link the claims in the various categories...” In the instant case, the shared technical feature common to the

identified Groups is not a contribution over the art (i.e., not a general inventive concept). The technical feature that unites Groups I and III and Groups II and IV is the artificial chromosomes of Groups I and II. However, Kuroiwa et al. teaches production of truncated human chromosome fragments lacking the distal regions of the long or short arms. (See especially the abstract, Figures 1 and 2 and the captions thereto.) The truncated chromosomes produced by the method of Kuroiwa are the same as the artificial chromosomes claimed in the instant application except that Kuroiwa et al. teaches truncation of human chromosomes 22 and 3 instead of 14 and 21. However, Kuroiwa et al. teaches, "The present finding is the first indication that DT40 cells are suitable hosts for telomere-directed truncation of human chromosomes, in addition to simple gene targeting and suggests that this technology is useful for detailed gene mapping by functional assays." (Final sentence on page 3448.) In view of this teaching, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to practice the method of Kuroiwa et al. using any human chromosome, including chromosomes 14 and 21, in order to obtain the expected benefit of detailed gene mapping by functional assays. Therefore, the technical feature that unites the groups is not a contribution over the prior art.

Accordingly, Groups I-IV are not so linked by the same or a corresponding special technical feature as to form a single general inventive concept. Therefore, restriction under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372 is proper.

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

The species are as follows:

In Group I: Elect a single deletion site selected from AL63204 and AL163201

In Group II: Elect a single deletion site selected from AL157858, AL512310, OR4H12, OR4Q4, RNR2, OR4L1, RNU6C, FDPSL3, K12T, C14orf57, OR6S1, M195, OR4K14, MGC27165, LCH, OR10G3, OR4K3, OR4E2, H1RNA, ATP5C2, OR11H6 and OR4M1.

In Group III: Elect a single deletion site selected from AL63204 and AL163201 and a single protein selected from those set forth in claim 48.

In Group IV: Elect a single deletion site selected from AL157858, AL512310, OR4H12, OR4Q4, RNR2, OR4L1, RNU6C, FDPSL3, K12T, C14orf57, OR6S1, M195, OR4K14,

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MGC27165, LCH, OR10G3, OR4K3, OR4E2, H1RNA, ATP5C2, OR11H6 and OR4M1 and a single protein selected from those set forth in claim 48.

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the

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currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.** Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01. Any inquiry concerning

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this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel M. Sullivan whose telephone number is 571-272-0779. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 6:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Woitach, Ph.D. can be reached on 571-272-0739. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Art Unit 1636

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